

COALITION



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**EAGER LION EXERCISE 2012
JORDAN-USA**



Coalition partners conduct capabilities demonstration

Jordanian and United States troops fast rope on the Eager Lion Exercise



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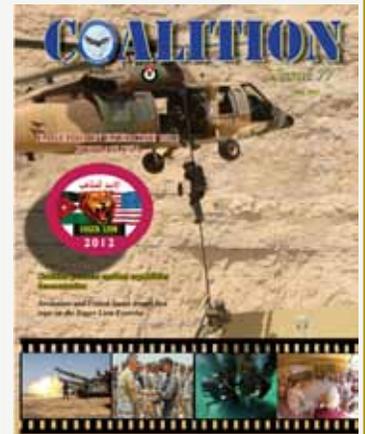
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JORDAN-USA**

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**NESA seminar,
Senior National Representatives
of HQ CENTCOM**



EDITORIAL

EAGER LION 2012

● Col. Mamdoh Al-Ameri, Jordan



Military Exercises are common but each exercise has its own importance and a specific contingency scenario. Eager Lion 2012 was the largest multinational military exercise which took place in Jordan from May 7 – 27, 2012. Eager Lion, Headquartered at KASOTC (King Abdullah II Special Operations Training Center) in Amman, focused on irregular warfare, special operations, counterinsurgency and crisis response.

The exercise scenarios were designed to portray realistic and modern-day security challenges faced by the world. These scenarios were designed years in advance to fulfill collaborative training goals. There were more than 19 nations who practiced their combat skills during this Mega Exercise. A major portion of the exercise was also devoted for collective training to deal with refugee flows and managing a chemical or biological weapons crisis.

Participating countries were Australia, Bahrain, Brunei, Egypt, France, Italy, Iraq, Jordan, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Lebanon, Pakistan, Qatar, Spain, Romania, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom and United States.

It was an excellent forum to train and integrate multinational forces for common goal against the menace of terrorism. It also provided an opportunity to cement the existing military-to-military relationships of participating nations through a joint, wholesome and multinational approach while integrating all instruments of national power to meet current and future complex national security challenges.

● Director, Coalition Public Affairs

NEWS IN BRIEF

By CENTCOM Public Affairs

NATO Memorial Day Service



Service members and wounded warriors salute as the National Anthem is sung during the NATO Multinational Role 3 Medical Unit Memorial Day ceremony, May 28, 2012, at Kandahar, Afghanistan. More than 150 service members and wounded warriors attended the ceremony in remembrance of those who've served in any war conflict. (U.S. Army photo by Sgt. Gregory Williams)

South Carolina Army National Guard soldiers partner with Kuwaiti National Guard



Kuwaiti National Guard counter-terrorism soldiers move down a hallway during an exercise near Kuwait City, Kuwait, May 16, 2012.

PRT conducts first mission with new Agriculture division



KUNAR PROVINCE, Afghanistan – Paul Ijames, a civilian with the Army Corps of Engineers, speaks to local foremen and workers at the National Army Volunteer Center in Asadabad May 14. Provincial Reconstruction Team Kunar provided security and escort for Ijames, who is overseeing the project to build the NAVC building. (U.S. Air Force photo by Tech Sgt Christopher Marasky)

Afghan National Army General visits Korean Hospital and Vocational Training Center

By Sgt. William Begley, 11th Public Affairs Detachment

BAGRAM AIR FIELD, Afghanistan (April 4, 2012) — Afghan National Army Brig. Gen. Khatool Mohammadzai, director for women's affairs in the ANA, visited the Korean Hospital and Vocational Training Center on Bagram Air Field April 2.

Mohammadzai, the first female to achieve the rank of brigadier general in the ANA, visited the hospital and witnessed the quality of care the Koreans provide for her fellow Afghans. While there she also engaged the patients, provided smiles and comforted them.

"I am very happy to meet the Korean people who have left their homes to come here to Afghanistan and help my people," said Mohammadzai. "I am very happy to see what great care the Afghan people are receiving and the hope that is being given to them."

Mohammadzai received hugs from the women and children at the hospital.

"I am proud as an Afghan woman," said Mohammadzai. "The men who gave me this rank gave it to me because of my hard work."

Mamoon Hotak, a medical interpreter at the Korean Hospital who helps Korean doctors communicate with the Afghan patients, said Mohammadzai is something of a celebrity in Afghanistan.

She is a symbol of hope for Afghan women and her people and she is aware and appreciative of that, said Hotak.

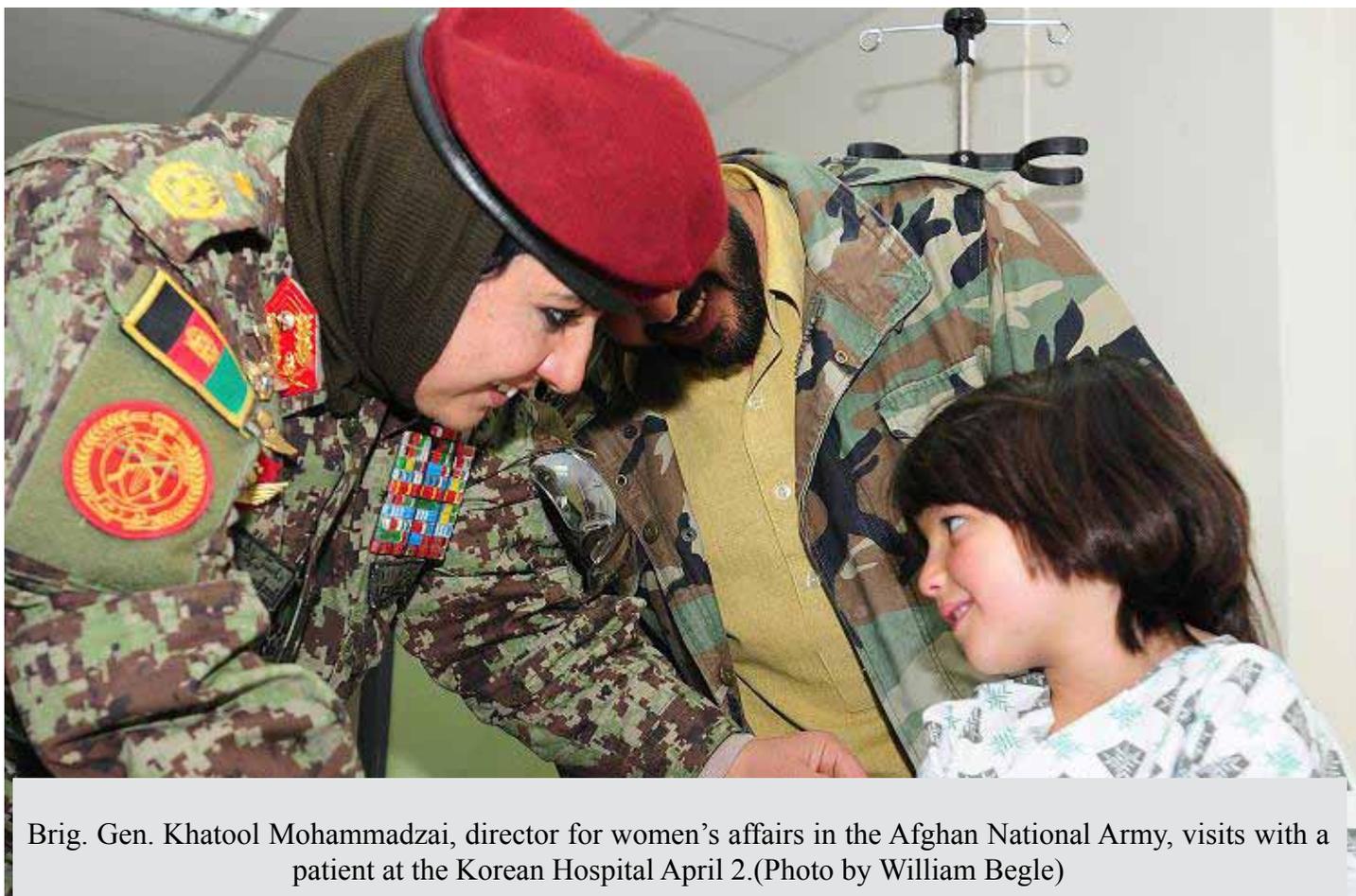
"For me, as an Afghan citizen, it's an honor meeting her," said Hotak. "She is really loved by the Afghan people."

Mohammadzai then visited the KVTC to see the quality of training her native countrymen receive while being prepared to join the modern day Afghan workplace. The KVTC teaches Afghans classes in electricity, computers and electronics, welding, automotive, carpentry and English.

"I'm happy to see people studying electronics and learning a skill that will help them to find work," said Mohammadzai. "This is very good for the Afghan people."

Mohammadzai concluded the tour by addressing the students. She spoke of her hopes for the future of Afghanistan, a future with no war and prosperity for her homeland.

"Learn as much as you can and study hard," said Mohammadzai. "Help your country and help yourself."



Brig. Gen. Khatool Mohammadzai, director for women's affairs in the Afghan National Army, visits with a patient at the Korean Hospital April 2.(Photo by William Begle)

Afghan National Security Forces in the lead in Panjwai

Story by Staff Sgt. Joshua Brandenburg
3rd Stryker Brigade Combat Team, 2nd Infantry Division

PANJWAI, Afghanistan — With hardly a cloud in the sky the Afghan soldiers of 1st Company, 2nd Kandak, 1st Brigade, 205th Corps, Afghan National Army and local police stepped out of Forward Operating Base Spirwan Ghar’s southern gate. This dismounted patrol was like many of the ones before. It had a straightforward objective – search and clear more than a half dozen villages in the Spirwan area of Panjwa’i district in southern Afghanistan.



However, it was one of the largest foot patrols conducted by the unit, which they planned and organized without any assistance from International Security Assistance Forces. The patrol’s objectives and implementation were briefed to the leadership of the ISAF supporting forces the day before.

“It was one of the first ANA lead missions we’ve had,” said 1st Lt. Robert Churchill, 3rd platoon leader of B Company. “And what that really entails is that ANA planned, ANA prepared and ANA executed the mission.”

On April 1, with more than 100 Afghan troops, they set off to reach their first objective with 30 U.S. soldiers from both companies in the back of the formation who were there to advise and mentor.

As the formation neared the first village, car horns could be heard and a flock of doves were seen released, both of which are signals to insurgents in the area warning them that ANSF and ISAF forces are near. If these signs of enemy activity fazed the Afghan soldiers or police they did not show it, for they continued on with their mission without hesitation and in good spirits. The single file formation, as the region is littered with land mines and improvised explosive devices, moved slowly down the narrow streets and stopped randomly as the ANSF soldiers in front entered and cleared homes of villagers.

“As they [ANSF] would go up to compounds, ANA would secure it and ANP would search inside,” said Capt. Len Blaylock III, commander of B Company, 1-5 Inf. Reg.

It had not always been this way before, Blaylock added. He

went on to say that his company has seen a lot of improvement in their ANA counterparts. At first, every mission was planned and executed by ISAF. The ANA soldiers would rely on U.S. soldiers to take the front of any formation and just follow along in the rear. A lot of this was due to the IED threat in the area, as U.S. soldiers would conduct counter IED maneuvers with mine detectors in the lead. Blaylock also said that by the end of their first month in country they were conducting classes on the mine detectors, teaching their ANA counterparts how to identify IEDs and that in a few short weeks they were just as proficient as his own troops. Now the Afghan soldiers always take the lead and clear the front of the formation, finding IEDs before they can do any harm.



“My
pla-
toon
re -

ceived no casualties from enemy IEDs,” said Churchill, of Flushing, Mich. “That says a lot about the ANA.”

The air was dry and hot; the sun unrelenting, but still the soldiers of 1st Company, 2nd Kandak showed no signs of slowing as they cleared through one village and entered another. Foot after foot, step-by-step Afghan soldiers and police cleared homes, businesses, orchards and fields in search of caches, IEDs and insurgent activity.

The ANA and ANP forces completed objective after objective and passed phase lines gaining more confidence with each home they cleared. The patrol took about eight hours to complete and covered 90 percent of their operational area, all with little to no help from their U.S. brothers in arms.

“We asked them, what do they want to do? What are their objectives?” added Blaylock, of Nimrod, Ark. “They identified what the problem is in the area and they conducted the clearance.”

The mission did not find much in the terms of insurgent activity but did show that the soldiers of 1st Company, 2nd Kandak and their ANP partners are more than capable of securing the Spirwan area and conducting missions without ISAF assistance.

The Amman Message and the Role of Religion in Combating Extremism

Excerpted from “Jordan Stands at the Front Line of Combating Terrorism”

BRIG. GEN. ANWAR AYASRAH
JORDAN ARMED FORCES

Jordan was the first country to bring attention to the issue of terrorism falsely linking itself to Islamic religion and the role of His Majesty King Abdullah II, [and] has been important in clarifying the picture to Western public opinion by issuing a document (Amman Message). His Majesty King Abdullah II, during an interview with Israel channel’s 2 Ehud Yaari, on March 7, 2005, said:

The reason for the Amman Message was to identify throughout the Islamic world and also to the West this is what Islam means, this is what our tenets, this is what our beliefs [are]. All those that take the lives of innocent people, that live on destruction and hatred, they have nothing to do with it. Then in a fact, or in a way, the word extremist is wrong. You can’t be a Muslim extremist or Christian extremist or Jewish extremist because if you are Jewish, Christian or Muslim you believe in the rule of God and that does not allow you to do the crimes that these extremists do. So what we’re trying to say is get the moderate majority of Muslims to stand up and say this is what’s right and this is what’s wrong.

The Amman Message started as a detailed statement released [on] the eve of the 27th of Ramadan 1425 A.H. / 9th November 2004 C.E. by H.M. King Abdullah II bin Al- Hussein in Amman, Jordan. It sought to explain Islam’s position on terrorism and underscore its innocence. It also directed the embassies and diplomatic missions to carry out its tasks on this issue by declaring what Islam is and what it is not, and what actions represent it and what actions do not. Its goal was to clarify to the modern world the true nature of Islam. It is a historical achievement; it will be implemented through various pragmatic measures, including: Treaties among Muslim states, national and international legislation using the Three Points of the Amman Message to define Islam, the use of publishing and multimedia in all their aspects to spread the Amman Message,

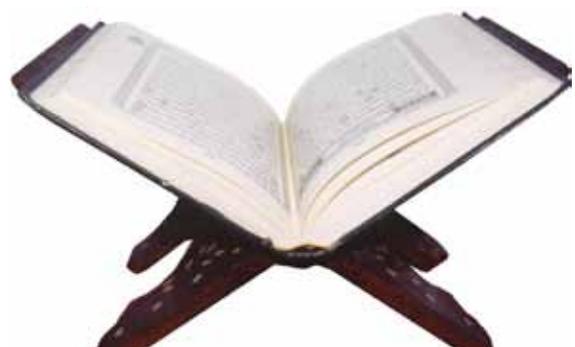
instituting the teaching of the Amman Message in school curricula and university courses worldwide, and making it part of the training of mosque Imams and making sure it is included in their sermons.

Recommendations

- Countries combating terrorism should open all channels of communication among people to include television, radio, newspapers, and public lectures. Mosques need to be one of the central channels of communications. Intellectuals and moderates who fully understand the true religion of Islam need to explain the concepts and thoughts on which the religion is based. This will help to clarify misunderstandings and help prevent opportunists from increasing the membership in extremist movements, by eliminating those who espouse violence in their sermons. Such steps will not result in successful implementation without the serious involvement of the state authority. This will definitely lead to the clarification between the true meaning of Islam and radical extremism.

- Knowing the true freedom in Islam is also a part of fighting terrorism. Freedom in Islam is guaranteed, but with control. While there is freedom, it does not allow individuals to express their personal beliefs that are different from the true meaning of Islam or provide a wrong interpretation to the public through various channels of communications.

- Many actions from extremists in the world are driven by what they believe, and wrong behavior can come out of wrong beliefs. To resolve the issues we cannot use force, physical or psychological pressure to





a picture of Mecca- the holy place for the Muslims taken at night during Ramadan

change people's beliefs. This will lead to only a short term result and that person will revert to old ways when the appropriate opportunity arises. This situation can be treated only through meaningful dialogue and education. To be successful we will need to choose qualified, well respected individuals who are skilled at the art of communication and persuasion to re-educate and convert those extremists who have been led down the wrong path of Islamic beliefs.

Conclusion

The Amman Message is a solid attempt to show that Islam has no relations with terrorism and terrorism does not belong to any religion or race or land. It is focused on Islam as a religion of tolerance, justice, equality and mercy. Jordan, its citizens, officials and interests have been a target of terrorism due to its principled position and effort in rejecting and combating all forms of terrorism. Jordan will continue to fight terrorism and its perpetrators with all possible means. Security and stability are the country's top priority and no terrorist individual or organization will be tolerated. Jordan takes the view that resorting to military means will not be enough to uproot international terrorism. Economic and social factors and

other root causes for this abhorrent phenomenon need to be taken into consideration and to be sufficiently addressed in order to fully eradicate terrorism.



H.M. King Abdullah II bin Al-Hussein performs Omrah during Ramadan .

Sources: www.ammanmessage.com, Catholic University of America, New York Times, U.S. Army War College



Eager Lion 2012 conducted in Jordan

The U.S. and the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan conducted Exercise Eager Lion, part of a long history of multilateral military exercises in the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan on May. The exercise included 19 countries from five different continents and 12,000 participants. The focus of Eager Lion is to strengthen military-to-military relationships of participating partner nations through a joint, whole-of-government, multinational approach, integrating all instruments of national power to meet current and future complex national security challenges. The exercise promotes cooperation and interoperability among participating forces, builds functional capacity, practices crisis management and enhances readiness.

The Exercise began by firing multiple rounds from Marines and Jordanians respective tanks to gain their battle-sight-zero, an accurate starting point of aim.

“It’s all about first round accuracy because in a tank battle the first accurate round wins,” said Sgt. Hunter Pierce, an M1A1 Abrams tank armored crewman.

The training focused on preparing the Marines’ M1A1

tanks and Jordanians’ Challenger 1 tanks for the future training they are scheduled to conduct during Eager Lion.

“The importance of today’s training is to validate weapons systems and make sure everything is functioning properly and also make sure that we can have safe training,” said 1st Lt. William Weyrauch, the tank platoon commander with the 24th MEU.

The training also provided the Marines and Jordanians with the opportunity to work together, see each other’s tanks, learn each other’s procedures and develop cohesion.

“They get to see what our equipment is and we get to see what their equipment is,” Pierce said. “It helps build a lasting friendship. We are getting to know each other.”

The Marines said the day of cross training allowed them to gain new insights in using their tanks because of the differences in their procedures. For instance, Marines typically gain their BZO by firing at targets 500 meters away while the Jordanians gained their BZO by firing at targets 1,000 meters away.



JABAL PETRA, Jordan - A Royal Jordanian Army Challenger 1 tank fires on a target to gain its battle-sight-zero during bilateral tank training with the 24th Marine Expeditionary Unit as part of Exercise Eager Lion 12.

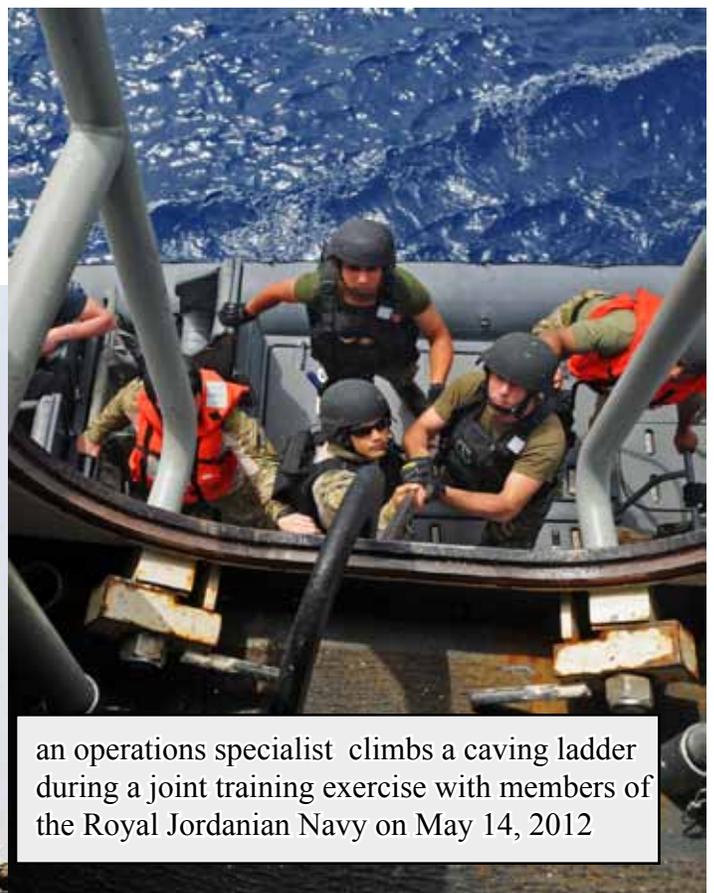
“The Marines get to see there is not just one way to do something,” Weyrauch said. “They get to learn; even if the equipment is different, even if the training is different they are both hitting targets

“It’s a great opportunity to be out here and cross train with the Jordanians,” he added.

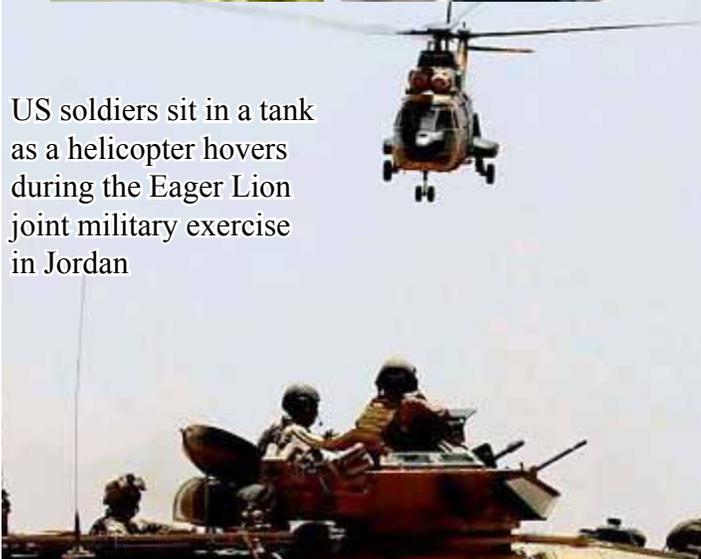
During Eager Lion 12, the 24th MEU will participate in a variety of training exercises with partnered nations at different locations throughout the country to increase interoperability and learn about other countries’ militaries. The exercise is a recurring event and designed to strengthen military-to-military relationships through a joint, whole-of-government, multinational approach to future complex national security challenges.



May 14, 2012, during Exercise Eager Lion 12. The Marines and Jordanian soldiers shared information on capabilities and standard operating procedures to prepare for training they will conduct during the exercise.



an operations specialist climbs a caving ladder during a joint training exercise with members of the Royal Jordanian Navy on May 14, 2012



US soldiers sit in a tank as a helicopter hovers during the Eager Lion joint military exercise in Jordan

Cross Cultural Breakfast

Major Shawkat Osman- Bangladesh



A researcher from University of South Florida USF lecturing on the cross cultural issue while working in a multinational environment



An event named cross cultural breakfast took place at Surf's Edge club on April 13, 2012. A good number of Coalition members from different countries attended the event. This was a part of the cooperation between Coalition forces at USCENTCOM and the University of South Florida (USF). The event was a pilot project conducted by one of the doctoral student, Helena Wallenberg-Lerner from USF. The theme of the study was "Identification of Competencies Needed in a Global setting based on Cultural Exposure and Cultural Identity."

Coalition members were enthusiastic to be a part of such relevant topic. Participants viewed the topic very close to their heart. Frequently they needed to identify their core competencies while working in a global setting. 'Cultural Exposure' and Cultural Geographical Identity' plays a vital part in their day to day assignment. All coalition members have a mentionable working experience in diversified global setting. They also filled out a form to enrich the study by their thoughts and ideas.

Overall, the Cross Cultural Breakfast was a new but interesting engagement by the coalition members. It marked a good cooperation between the coalition members at CENTCOM and the local community. Such events always bear a far-reaching mutual benefit in a global environment like coalition village at USCENTCOM.

CENTCOM Senior National Representatives (SNR) Seminar on

Near East South Asia(NESA)

Center for Strategic Studies

May 2012



WASHINGTON, DC-May 21, 2012- The NESA seminar entitled “The emerging strategic landscape” was conducted in Washington from May 20-25,2012. In this seminar 32 participants from 23 nations of the globe attended various sessions. The first session of the seminar featured Dr. Michael Doran, a Senior Fellow at the Brookings Institution Saban Center. Dr. Doran compared and contrasted the foreign policy approaches of Presidents Bush and Obama in the Middle East and gave his viewpoints of their foreign policy approaches. During the second part of his presentation he dilated upon Syria and Iran, giving examples of approaches that can be adopted for each country.

Meanwhile, Course Director Professor Rick Russell introduced, NESA Professor, Gawdat Bahgat and Mr. David Schenker ,who spoke on “Syria and International Intervention Calls.” Professor Bahgat and Mr. Schenker presented varying views as to how the U.S. and international community should respond to the ongoing situation in Syria. Professor Bahgat discussed the complicated situation in Syria, creating a delicate situation. Mr. Schenker focused on the effects of intervention of major international players in Libya and how it would affect international response to the conflict in Syria. Participants engaged both speakers in a question-and-answer session at the conclusion of the presentation.

On the third day of the seminar, NESA Professor

Rick Russell, Course Director for the Senior National Representatives Seminar, introduced Dr. Ray Takeyh, Senior Fellow at the Council on Foreign Relations, for a session entitled “Iran’s Nuclear Power Quest and Gulf Security.” This was followed by a session entitled “Afghanistan and Coalition Warfare Beyond 2014,” by Lieutenant General David Barno (ret.), Senior Fellow at the Center for a New American Security (CNAS) and Dr. Nora Bensahel, Deputy Director of Studies at CNAS. Lt. Gen. Barno previously served as Commander of ISAF in Afghanistan and Director of the NESA Center. Participants engaged both speakers with a range of questions.

The final day of the weeklong CENTCOM Senior National Representatives Seminar included a visit to the historic “Antietam battlefield” from the American Civil War in the 19th century. NESA Professor Jack Gill led a tour of the battlefield and provided detailed information regarding the actual battle as it took place over 100 years ago.

After the tour, NESA staff and the SNR participants gathered at the “Bavarian Inn” in Shepherdstown, West Virginia for a commencement luncheon to honor the participants on their completion of the weeklong seminar. Professor Richard Russell gave NESA certificates to the 30 participants from Coalition Countries and thanked them for their attendance and active involvement during the seminar.



Lt. General (ret.) Barno who previously served as Commander of ISAF in Afghanistan and Director of the NESA Center addressed participants.



a key speaker lecturing the participants

Netherlands Police trainers prepared for mission in France at the Gendarmerie National Tactical Training Center

Courtesy Netherlands Defense Newspaper (Defensiekrant).
Written by Lt Marlous de Ridder, Photos Cpl Rob van Eerden

SAINT ASTIER – A normal sight in ‘Kunduz-city’ : Cars driving through the city center honking their horns, while civilians stroll down the street. In the middle of the busy crossroads an Afghan Policeman tries to guide the traffic. At the side of the road another policeman randomly searches a number of car trunks. His mentor, a Dutch military policeman, a marechaussee, observes his actions.

Traffic control is one of the aspects the Police Operational Mentoring and Liaison Teams (POMLT’s) in the French city of Saint Astier are confronted with. Close to their deployment the third rotation police trainers are following a two week course at the Gendarmerie National Tactical Training Centre. The last training will prepare them for the NATO certification that will be done in the AOR. The French do their utmost to paint a realistic picture for the marechaussees and marines of their future work in Kunduz. Gendarmerie students play the role of

locals and just for this exercise Afghan policemen are flown in. That adds value to the training is the opinion of Sergeant major Sander Huisman. This trainer has worked in Uruzgan as a police trainer and knows like no one else the importance of empathy. Huisman: “Afghans often went through a lot. Not only you have to respect that, but it also forces you to look at the world differently. As POMLT you are constantly trying to find a balance between doing your job and the cultural aspects.”

A step back

At the other side of the training village Sergeant major Baris patrols with his POMLT. The team escorts a district governor to a school for a meeting with village elders. There are complaints from the village about a lack of policemen and the villagers emphasize once more that a police precinct is needed very much. Not the marechaussee, but the Afghan chief of police is in charge during the shura. The police have to gain



Establishing good relations with the local community is key to security for both the military and civilian populations. Dutch marines enjoy discussions and tea with local leader in Afghanistan



An explosion on the center of “kundoz city “ is a reminder that there is still alot to do to ensure security .but with the efficient preparation the french provided the dutch forces security can be augmented.

the trust of the local population by making contact pro-actively. The POMLT’s give advice, but give enough latitude to the policemen to think for themselves. “We try to take a step back during such a conversation; the Afghans have to make arrangements with the village elders themselves. As a trainer you are assuming an advisory role”, the sergeant major explains the mentorship. Up to a certain level of course. If security is at stake we are much more directive.”

Decisive

Although the police work takes a central position in Saint Astier, during the scenario play it proofs that a good cooperation between marechaussee and marines



when minutes matter during an emergency close coordination between coalition partners and local government officials is important

is of the utmost importance. Especially when he French – to make the situation even more complicated- ignite a car bomb and send a suicide bomber into the streets. By decisive action of a marine the suicide attack is prevented at the last moment. Thanks to the security provided

by the marines the trainers and the students can do their job without interference. Eyes and ears, that is the trick. Creating a secure environment is the mission of marine sergeant Jan. “It is useful to go through the details once more, but really we are fully integrated already. We know of each other what we stand for and our different tasks are clear to everyone.” With the extension of the mentoring area from Kunduz to the second largest city Khanabad there is enough work to be done according to the sergeant. The movement to Khanabad is longer, automatically that means that it is riskier. On top of that also enablers like engineers en EOD specialists are coming along. That requires a different approach during the preparation and execution of the move.” While trainer Huisman gives his last advice to the men and women, Major Rob Jacobs, commander of the POMLT company, stresses again the value added by the training at the gendarmerie school.. “It is a good opportunity to see where we stand. Especially when I see POMLTs of other countries at work I realize that we are quite far. The strength of our company is the exchange of knowledge”, Jacobs goes on. “First of all the marines are there for our safety, but as assistant trainers their contribution is valuable as well”. Beginning of May Jacobs and his team deployed to Kunduz to join the staff of Police Training Group 3. The new team will extend the ‘ink spot’ in the province further. Also they are going to mentor the highway police part of the Afghan Uniformed Police. Jacobs: “It feels good. It works out alright here, but in the AOR everything really comes together.”



An Afghan police officer directs traffic while a dutch military policeman support the effort

Afghan National Security Forces (ANSF) clear village of insurgent activity

Story by Petty Officer 3rd Class James Ginther

ZABUL PROVINCE, Afghanistan — The 4th Kandak Afghan National Army soldiers, members of Shah Joy Afghan Uniformed Police and coalition special operations forces members gained control of a known insurgent stronghold in Sayedan village, Shah Joy district, April 24.

The mission was to disrupt insurgents' ability to access an area historically used for transiting the Arghandab pass and planning and staging attacks throughout the region.

As the team entered the village, Lt. Sadar Mohammad, Shah Joy district chief of police, used the mosque's speaker system to invite the locals to a village shura and ask them to open their homes to the Afghan forces. The ANA soldiers inspected the

village compounds for signs of insurgent activity, while the DCOP led the community in a shura to discuss ways to work together to improve the area's security.

The Afghan forces also distributed radios to enable villagers to receive informational broadcasts regarding the district's governmental and security affairs.

"Afghan security forces are expanding their operating areas more and more each day," said a coalition special operations forces member. "Villagers are seeing firsthand that their government has not forgotten about them and insurgents will no longer be allowed to rob them of their right to live peaceful lives."



Shah Joy District Chief of Police Lt. Sadar Mohammed leads a shura during a clearance operation in Sayedan village, Shah Joy district, Zabul province, April 24.

Coalition Social Events at a Glance

A good number of delegations visit USCENTCOM regularly. The visitors get an idea of CENTCOM's activities. Visitors get the opportunity to exchange views with the command, staff and coalition members who are working at USCENTCOM. There are also opportunities to meet civilians and media . Some of the important events are pictured below. Photos taken by Maj Shawkat , CPAT



Coalition Members met with University of South Florida students and faculty members to inform them of the coalition mission, USF St Petersburg Campus



Award ceremony for Ms. Jill Kelly which makes her the honorary ambassador of USCENTCOM



Coalition members at a lunch in Commander's Residence



German General addressing the coalition members at the main conference room of Coalition Village at USCENTCOM



LTC Ann Knabe (Public Affairs Office) talks to the coalition members on how to engage the media effectively



On the final day of NESA seminar , Senior National Representatives of HQ CENTCOMI visited the “Historic Antietam Battlefield” of 19th century